

Research Article

Molecular Characterization and Enzymatic Activity of *Pichia kudriavzevii* Isolated from *Cucumis sativus* of Malabar Region of Kerala

Anju Joseph and Chandra M

Department of Biosciences, Mangalagangothri, Mangalore University, Dakshina Kannada District-574 199, Karnataka, India; Email: drchandram1@gmail.com

Abstract

Aim of the present study was to isolate and identify the fungus from infected fruit of *Cucumis sativus* collected from Malabar region of Kerala. *Pichia kudriavzevii* was isolated from the infected fruit and confirmed by molecular characterization. PCR amplification and internal transcribed spacer region (ITS) confirmed the isolated fungus was *Pichia kudriavzevii* (yHQL113). The result obtained was deposited in the NCBI Gen Bank. Optimum enzyme activity of isolated fungus was studied using starch agar media, CMC-CR media and PSAM media by spectrophotometric method with different temperature. In quantitative analysis, amylase activity was found high ($112.9 \pm 1.5 \mu\text{g mL}^{-1} \text{min}^{-1}$) followed by cellulase ($109.4 \mu\text{g mL}^{-1} \text{min}^{-1}$) and pectinase ($65.8 \mu\text{g mL}^{-1} \text{min}^{-1}$). Optimum production of amylase enzyme was higher at 50 C and lower at 30 C whereas cellulase production was found higher at 30 C and lower at 10 C. Pectinase enzyme production was higher at 10 C and lower at 50 C. Results of the study revealed that amylase was widely distributed in *Pichia kudriavzevii*. Hence, this investigation represented the diversification of cell wall degrading enzymes produced by the isolated fungus *Pichia kudriavzevii*.

Key words: *Cucumis sativus*, enzymes, Malabar region, *Pichia kudriavzevii*

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